THE

NEWPORT MERCURY.

[1 *Dol.* 50 *Cts.* per Ann.] TUESDAY, MARCH 5, 1799. [No. 1925.]

NEWPORT *(Rhode-Island)* Published by HENRY BARBER, near the State-House.

GIBBS & CHANNING

HAVE FOR SALE,

ST. Petersburgh clean Hemp, Russia and Ravens Duck, first Quality —Cordage and Cables of all Dimensions— Russia and Swedes Iron, flat and square.

BY THE PACKAGE.

Sheetings; Platilles Royales; Brittanias; Rouens; Silesias; Creas-a-la-Morlaix; Stripes and Checks; Dowlas; Oznabrigs; Ticklenburghs; Sailors blue and white Linen; Bedtickings; Linen for fine Shirts; Diaper; Hessian and brown Rolls; Linen for Bags; blue Broadcloths; German Flannels and Serges; Stationary, and Glass Ware, calculated for the West-India Market, and intitled to Drawback on Exportation.

New-England Rum by the Hogshead or Cargo, on short Notice; Molasses, per Hogshead; Holland Gin, per Pipe; 6 by 8, and 7 by 9, Window Glass; superfine and fine Flour; Salt by the Quantity; Lead by the Ton.

Newport, 25th Feb. 1799.

DISTRICT OF RHODE-ISLAND.

TO WIT:

L. S. BE it remembered, That on the Twenty-fifth Day of January, in the 23d Year of the Independence of the United States of America, SAMUEL HOPKINS, D. D. of the said District, hath deposited in this Office, the Title of a Book, the Right whereof he claims as Proprietor in the Words following, *to wit:*

"Memoirs of the Life of Mrs. *SARAH OSBORN*, who died at Newport, Rhode-Island, on the second Day of August, 1796, in the Eighty-third Year of her Age, by Samuel Hopkins, D. D. Pastor of the first Congregational Church in Newport."

In Conformity to the Act of the Congress of the United States, intituled, "An Act for the Encouragement of Learning by securing the Copies of Maps, Charts, and Books, to the Authors and Proprietors of such Copies, during the Times therein mentioned."

EDMUND T. ELLERY, *Clerk, of the District of Rhode-Island.*

A true Copy of Record,

Attest—EDMUND T. ELLERY, *Clerk.*

N. B. The above mentioned Book is to be sold at the Bookstore, of Mr. J. DENNISON, in Newport, where Subscribers may call for their Books.

For COPENHAGEN,

The SHIP *GEORGE & MARY*, Samuel Lawton, *Master*, —She has the principal Part of her Cargo engaged, and will sail in March.

—For Freight apply to GIBBS & CHANNING.

Newport, Feb. 26, 1799.

FOR SALE,

BEST English GUN-POWDER, COARSE and FINE, per Hundred or less Quantity, by ANTHONY DIXON.

Newport, January 21, 1799.

JOHN ADAMS,

LEATHER-DRESSER and GLOVER,

Respectfully informs the Public,

THAT he has removed from his Shop, in Tanner-street, to that formerly occupied by Mr. Azariah Albro, in Broad-street, at the Sign of the Buck and Gloves; where he continues to carry on the Leather-Dressing Business, in its various Branches.

He has constantly for Sale, Ladies' and Gentlemens' Gloves, of different Qualities, by the Dozen or single Pair.—Also Deer Skins; white Calf and Lamb-Skins, for welting: Wash-Leather, for Breeches Linings; Hat and Spinning Wool, of different Qualities, &c. &c.

Newport, Feb. 12, 1799.

JAMES CENTER

INFORMS his Customers and others, that he has just received from Concord, and has for Sale, at his Shop opposite General Martin's, in Thames-street, Twenty Weight of good ONION SEED, warranted of the last Year's Growth.

Newport, February 25, 1799.

JOHN & JAMES MUMFORD

Have for Sale, at their Store, Corner of the Ferry-Wharf Lane, Thames-Street,

JAMAICA Spirits, West-India Rum, Oil Proof Brandy, Holland Gin, Molasses, superfine Flour, &c.——Also Raisins, by Wholesale and Retail, at a reasonable Rate.

Newport, Feb. 25, 1799.

To SHIP-CARPENTERS.

FROM 20 to 30 good SHIP-CARPENTERS, are wanted immediately, to work upon the United States' Ship *ADAMS*, now building at Brooklyn, (L. I.) by JOHN JACKSON, Esq;

WILLIAM E. SHEFFIELD, *Master-Builder.*

☞ Good Encouragement will be given, to those who apply within 20 Days.

Brooklyn (L. I.) 12*th February*, 1799.

C. FOWLER & Company,

Have for Sale at their Stores on Mr. Langley's Wharf.

BOURDEAUX, Alicant and Spanish Brandy—Jamaica Spirits—West-India and New-England Rum—Best Holland Geneva—Madeira, Sherry, Lisbon, and Malaga Wines—Loaf, powdered and brown Sugars—Gunpowder Tea—Hyson and Souchong Do.—Nutmegs, Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, Pepper and Pimento—Molasses—Chocolate—New-York Soap—fresh Raisins—Starch—Negro Head Tobacco—Nails—Iron Shovels, and Window Glass.

Also, Russia and Ravens Duck—Cordage—Red, green, and blue Morocco Skins—A fresh Supply of Superfine and Common FLOUR, in Barrels and Half-Barrels—and a few Barrels first Quality Cabin-Bread —The above Articles will be sold at the lowest Rates per Quantity, and on reasonable Terms.

Newport, 11th February, 1799.

JOHN BOURS,

At the Sign of the GOLDEN EAGLE,

INVITES his Friends, old Customers and others, to his Shop, where a very handsome Assortment of GOODS, suitable for the Season, just imported, will be found, upon as low Terms, for Cash, as at any Store in the State.

Newport, Feb. 12, 1799.

ATTENTION!

RENDEZVOUS for the Purpose of Recruiting a Company of ARTILLERIST and ENGINEERS, stationed at Fort-Wolcott, in Newport Harbour, is opened at Mr. HENRY SHEARMAN's, on the Long-Wharf, where any Person desirous of serving his Country will have an Opportunity to engage—The Term of Enlistment will be 5 Years—Bounty given 12 Dollars ——Monthly Pay to Artificers (such as Carpenters, Wheelwrights, and Blacksmiths) 10 Dollars, per Month, Musicians 6 Dollars, and Privates 5 Dollars—The Clothing is complete, Provisions good, and a large Allowance—If unfortunately a Soldier should get Sick, he will be healed free from Expence, and if wounded in the Service of his Country, will receive a Compensation equal to his Disability.

GOD BLESS THE PRESIDENT.

W. LITTLEFIELD,

Capt. Corps Artillerists and Engineers.

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TO BE SOLD,

A Quantity of excellent COTTON, by the Bag or smaller Quantity.—Apply to

SAMUEL DAVENPORT.

Newport, Jan. 28, 1799.

CHARLESTON, *(S. C.)* Jan. 3.

At a meeting of the Grand Lodge of the most Ancient and Honourable Society of Free and Accepted Masons, on Thursday the 27th ult. held at Mr. Burger's, the following brethren were chosen officers of the same for the present year, viz.

The Honorable Judge *John Faucheraud Grimke*, Grand Master.

Dr. *James Lynah*, Deputy Grand Master.

George Flagg, Esq; Senior Grand Warden.

Dr. *Samuel Wilson*, Junior Grand Warden.

Dr. *Robert Wilson*, jun. Grand Treasurer.

Brian Cape, Esq; Grand Secretary.

Mr. *Christian Boomer*, Grand Sword Bearer.

James Troup, Esq; *Thomas Cape*, *John Cape*, *James Ballantine*, } Stewards.

After transacting the business of the Lodge, the most Worshipful Grand Master was pleased to deliver the following Charge, which at the unanimous desire of the Brethren, he was pleased to permit to be published.

BRETHREN,

IT gives me pleasure to acknowledge the obligation, that I consider myself under to you, for the honor you did me, of electing me your Grand Master for this most ancient and honorable society of Free and Accepted Masons, in our year 5791: and it is with continued satisfaction, that I have found myself since that period, though frequently absent, and always unsoliciting upon this august day in the annals of masonry, always considered by you as worthy of filling the same office. My warmest acknowledgments are due to you, my Brethren, for these repeated instances of your good opinion of me, and it is my sincere desire, as well as my bounden duty, so to conduct myself in the office I have the honor of receiving at your hands, as to meet with your entire and brotherly approbation.

Hitherto the several occupations, which my professional pursuits and private studies required of me, have prevented me from being so attentive to the particular duties of the craft, as the importance of the objects, which our society has in contemplation to perform, requires. But at present, when the tenets of the honorable body, to which we belong, have of late been so much misrepresented, as to create a diffidence and distrust in the minds of our fellow creatures, as to the objects of our association; when instead of being considered as an innocent, or in its more proper light, as a very useful set of men, many of the community have been induced, from the slanderous attack made on the lodges of Free Masons, generally throughout the world, to believe that our principles are dangerous, and our conduct almost criminal, I think it necessary to attend more punctually the stated meetings of our societies, and to efface, with your assistance, such improper impressions with respect to the craft.—The penetrating wisdom of the Almighty Architect of this Stupendous Fabric, the world, visits the secret workings of our hearts, as well as of our lodges; and testifies, in shielding us with the grandeur and height of the canopy of its Heaven of Heavens, *that* we still abide in the ways of innocence and truth, and that we practice, as occasion shall offer, the divine precepts of brotherly love and universal benevolence: *That* we have never endeavoured to sap and undermine the foundation of our society, which is religion, the brightest jewel that we have inherited from our forefathers; but that, on the contrary, we retain too conscientious a belief of the real existence of the Deity, ever to doubt it; and that the principal happiness of our present earthly situations, however chequered by good and evil, is the firm hope and confidential assurance, that we shall hereafter be received into the Paradise of eternal bliss:—*That* we have never, through ambition or any other wicked principle, attempted to excite nation against nation, nor through seditious motives diffused into the minds of our fellow creatures suspicions dishonourable to their rulers and derogatory to good government, with intentions of exciting a civil war in our or any country, or to render it an easier prey to a foreign people; but that the reverse has been our pursuit; for living under a government of our own choice, however disputable some of its acts may prove in the opinion of some of the most virtuous men in the United States, we will uphold and support that authority to the utmost extent of our abilities, and suffer no other people on earth to dictate our sentiments and our conduct towards the administrators of our nation.

It is true, my Brethren, that we are bound not to *discuss* subjects of religion or politics in our lodges; because, in the first place, disputations of these kinds might introduce improper heats into the bosoms of brethren, and displace that heavenly harmony, and those virtuous affections, for which the craft has been so eminently remarkable; and, in the second place, because the oaths of secrecy, by which we are mutually bound to each other, might be made a cover for the vilest propositions, and for the most treasonable and irreligious transactions. If this were the case, no community could be secure from the silent operations of such societies; and though we might deem it proper to consult our self-preservation, by becoming a member of such an association, yet others to whose existence we were not privy, nor to whose principles we had ever given a sanction, might be more extensive and more powerful than ours, and to whose superior machinations we should, with the more innocent part of the community, become an easy and defenceless prey.

It becomes us, therefore, as citizens of these United States, to behave ourselves in a peaceable and orderly manner, by submitting to the laws and the constituted administrators of our country, and by supporting the independence and dignity thereof. This great principle is interwoven in the hearts of all men, it is the only political one we teach in our mystic lodges: for the object of masonry is to confirm us in the practice of virtue, and there can be none of more value to a free mason than to love his country, and support the constitution under which he has chosen to live.

We must remember, Brethren, *that* we are enjoined to a solemn secrecy by the most awful sanctions and religious tests that mankind is called upon to give, never to divulge the profound mysteries and ceremonious rights of our masonic calling, but to a brother, or in one of the lodges; *that* the holy book which now lies before us contains those reverent and religious truths by which our faith is ruled and governed; that by the square we are taught so to conduct ourselves towards all men, as we would wish them to behave towards us, and thus reciprocally square our actions with each other: *and that* the symbol of the compass instructs us to live within the bounds of our own means, by which we may be the more readily enabled to extend our charitable assistance towards all suffering brethren through the globe.—With these virtuous qualities strongly impressed upon our minds, and practised according to the extent of our abilities, the three pillars of our temple will remain unreproached and unimpaired.

I cannot conclude my charge to you, Brethren, without reminding you that there are but three grades in our system of Masonry, and that all other steps, after the master's degree, are innovations upon the plain and simple temple which we have assisted to construct with so much art. It is therefore our duty not to listen to these deviations, nor adopt these novel superstructures; which may, by eradicating every religious and moral principle from our bosoms, embitter our present happiness in this world, and destroy even the hopes we may entertain of enjoying in another, the good fruits of our virtues and benevolent actions: But let us, notwithstanding, my brethren, continue to exercise and practise that brotherly love towards all denominations of our fellow creatures, who profess Masonry throughout the world, for which the lodges under our jurisdiction have ever been so remarkably distinguished: for every Mason ought to know, that *intolerance* is the bane of the happiness of mankind, in every sense of the word; and that the principal end of the craft is to cement all our fellow creatures into one universal brotherhood, to purify the heart, improve the understanding, and encourage every religious, moral

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...ntal social duty, which the beneficence of the Almighty Creator and Architect has implanted in our bosoms.—We should therefore, indulgently pass by any trifling formalities or adopted modes of any particular set of men professing masonry, and provided that we are convinced that their aim is the same as ours; we should persevere in extending to them the sign of brotherhood, and the token of sincerity and confidence, and we should laudably persevere in receiving them into our lodges as philanthrophic members of the same general society. By such liberal conduct, we shall prove ourselves worthy of the masonic character we have adopted, and become indeed good and valuable members of the general fraternity of mankind. At this time, however, whilst anarchy and infidelity are roaming abroad, and have endeavoured to raise their hideous heads into the light of our temples, let us beware and very cautious, whom of the profane we shall admit in future as brethren, into the lodges of wisdom, strength and beauty.

L O N D O N, Dec. 6.

The Patriarch of Constantinople has addressed a pastoral letter to the inhabitants of the Greek Islands, stating the reasons of the Grand Seignior for going to war with the French republic, and invoking them to drive the common enemy from their islands.

The Ex-General Pichegru is within 20 miles of London, re-establishing his health impaired at Cayenne, while the public papers are sending him to command the troops of the Emperor of Morocco, or to organize the Turkish cavalry. The origin of the whole affair arose from the circumstance of a French Emigrant, who conducted the whole of the escape of Sir Sydney Smith, and being unknown at Portsmouth, they took him for Gen. Pichegru.

KING's BENCH.

Serving Rules on Sunday.

The question here was, whether a rule for an attachment could be served on Sunday? After hearing Counsel on both sides, Lord Kenyon expressed much disapprobation of it. His Lordship said he was not for mixing the transactions of civil life with the performance of religious duties, the observance of which it was incumbent on every court of justice, as far as in them lay, to enforce. The morals of the country, God knows, were lax enough already. But if the Court were to admit this to be done; they would have people running up and down the whole town, serving the rules of that Court on Sunday. His Lordship said, he was for enforcing the performance of religious duties on that day.

The Council moved, that the rule might be enlarged till the next term—He said he would grant them no indulgence whatever.

The fashion of *covering* undergoes certainly as many mutations, as any other fashion whatever. Thus we are told that the Ladies in Paris are getting into their *sleaths* for the winter, and that the Ladies of London are getting out of their *wigs!*

In the late rage for *female wigs*, it may not be amiss to shew how, in the run of the very fine fashion in former days, a prominent woman of distinction took advantage of it, by a well-cultivated *crop of her own hair*:—The anecdote is thus recorded by the late *Horace Walpole*:—

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(Retiring fast to radiate other worlds)
Plant with your virtuous hands the honor'd wreath,
Rich woven by the daughters of the Land.
And may the land, from all its mountains, send
A general echo: to the great applause,
Till the long peal of praise, America,
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Floats onward with thy streams—surrounds thy shores,
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C O N G R E S S.

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and social duty, which the beneficence of the Almighty Creator and Architect has implanted in our bosoms.—We should therefore, indulgently pass by any trifling formalities or adopted modes of any particular set of men professing masonry, and provided that we are convinced that their aim is the same as ours, we should persevere in extending to them the sign of brotherhood, and the token of sincerity and confidence, and we should laudably persevere in receiving them into our lodges as philanthrophic members of the same general society. By such liberal conduct, we shall prove ourselves worthy of the masonic character we have adopted, and become indeed good and valuable members of the general fraternity of mankind. At this time, however, whilst anarchy and infidelity are roaming abroad, and have endeavoured to raise their hideous heads into the light of our temples, let us beware and very cautious, whom of the profane we shall admit in future as brethren, into the lodges of wisdom, strength and beauty.

LONDON, Dec. 6.

The Patriarch of Constantinople has addressed a pastoral letter to the inhabitants of the Greek Islands, stating the reasons of the Grand Seignior for going to war with the French republic, and invoking them to drive the common enemy from their islands.

The Ex-General Pichegru is within 20 miles of London, re-establishing his health impaired at Cayenne, while the public papers are sending him to command the troops of the Emperor of Morocco, or to organize the Turkish cavalry. The origin of the whole affair arose from the circumstance of a French Emigrant, who conducted the whole of the escape of Sir Sydney Smith, and being unknown at Portsmouth, they took him for Gen. Pichegru.

KING's BENCH.

Serving Rules on Sunday.

The question here was, whether a rule for an attachment could be served on Sunday? After hearing Counsel on both sides, Lord Kenyon expressed much disapprobation of it. His Lordship said he was not for mixing the transactions of civil life with the performance of religious duties, the observance of which it was incumbent on every court of justice, as far as in them lay, to enforce. The morals of the country, God knows, were lax enough already. But if the Court were to admit this to be done, they would have people running up and down the whole town, serving the rules of that Court on Sunday. His Lordship said, he was for enforcing the performance of religious duties on that day.

The Council moved, that the rule might be enlarged till the next term—He said he would grant them no indulgence whatever.

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NEW-HAVEN, Feb. 28.

"On Saturday the 9th inst. between 3 and 4 o'clock, P. M. Samuel Lamson, a boy 12 years old, a son of Samuel Lamson of Stratford, who was living with his uncle Mitchel Lamson, at Woodbury, fell from a bridge into the river and was drowned.—The circumstances were as follow:—He was standing on the bridge with a number of other boys diverting himself with the ice as it came down the river, which was high and run very rapid,—he had a stick with one end in the river and the other under his arm, when a cake of ice came with violence against it, and threw him suddenly into the river.—No one being present that could give him any assistance, he was carried down the stream with great rapidity; the strictest search was made for him on Sunday and Monday, and early on Tuesday morning his body was found by Mr. Josiah Beers—in the afternoon he was interred, attended by the scholars of four schools, who walked in procession, and a numerous concourse of people.

"*Woodbury, Feb.* 18, 1799."

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On Thursday last was decided the famous case of Lynde vs. Miller, &c. This was a bill in Chancery, praying for relief against certain notes given for Georgia lands. The bill complained, that the notes were obtained by fraud and misrepresentation. This cause was first brought before the Superior Court in September 1796, and was continued from term to term until the present session, when the Court gave judgment for the Plaintiff.

This case was twice argued, and it was expected, from the importance of the question to be decided, that the talents of the gentlemen of the bar, to whose management it was intrusted would be called forth, and in this respect, the public have not been disappointed.—The counsel on both sides, have distinguished themselves through the whole of this cause, by their very able management; but we think it will not be doing injustice to either of the other gentlemen concerned, to say, that Mr. P. Edwards, who was counsel for the plaintiff, made a display of learning and eloquence, never surpassed in this State.

The decision is of great importance in its consequences, as the principle settled involves property to the amount of more than 25,000 dollars.

On Friday the 22d inst. a number of gentlemen met at the house of Mr. John Lee, of this city, to celebrate the birth-day of GEORGE WASHINGTON; the continuance of whose life, must be considered, by every friend to America, as among the most singular of the blessings Heaven has bestowed upon this country. At this time especially, there seems a peculiar propriety of manifesting our respect and affection for this illustrious character. While participating of an elegant entertainment, a federal salute was discharged from the artillery, and a number of toasts were drank, expressive of the sentiments of the company on this anniversary.

We hear from Stamford, that the Democratic Society of that place met on Monday evening last, for the purpose of considering what they should do for the relief of Lyon, and that they finally resolved that each member should contribute SIX PENCE, York currency, towards paying his fine and cost.—This is a new proof that our Connecticut Jacobins will not part with money voluntarily, even in support of their own cause.

On Saturday the 9th inst. about eleven o'clock, A. M. a tremendous Clap of Thunder was experienced at Thompson, in the County of Windham—the lightening struck the House and Well Crotch of Abel Jacobs, at the same instant; which did considerable damage to the House—broke almost all the Crockery, Glass, Windows, &c. which were in the House; and knocked down a young man, who was for some time, thought to have been killed—but we are happy to hear that he is likely to recover.—What renders this circumstance more singular, is, there was but that one Clap heard that day.

We are informed, that several monied gentlemen at New-York have it in contemplation to open policies of insurance against the losses sustained on business, in consequence of the yellow fever.—Should this take place, we most heartily wish the greatest possible benefit may result to the insurers—which will be the case, should the city remain healthy.

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FROM EUROPE.

Yesterday arrived at Salem, the ship Benjamin, Capt. Bullock, in 70 days from London. By her we have received several papers; the latest of which is Dec. 16; we understand Capt. Bullock had one as late as Dec. 21, but which he left at Salem.—The following article, which we have copied from the Observer of Dec. 16, is probably confirmed in later dates.

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The Fall of BUONAPARTE.

The important event, which a combination of circumstances taught society to look for, is as generally believed to have taken place; and Buonaparte, whose name has been an host in the hands of tyrants, is stated by some accounts to have fallen by the pistol of a slave.—Mr. Took, the India Company's agent at Constantinople, has transmitted to his employers intelligence that this celebrated General had been killed: One report says, in an action with the forces of Egypt and the Pacha of Acri; whilst another represents that he was assassinated in the Town-house, as he was giving orders for a new contribution. Mr. Fawkner, who came with all possible expedition from Vienna, made his passage from Hamburg in an advice-boat with despatches to government, which, for the individual information of the House of Commons, issued the following note:—

"Accounts had been received at Constantinople from Grand Cairo, by seven different Tartar messengers, stating, that on the report of the approach of a formidable army from Syria and Upper Egypt, Buonaparte had summoned all his officers; and those of the native Chiefs who had joined him at Cairo; that upon Buonaparte's demanding supplies, a Tripoline soldier drew from under his cloak a pistol, and shot Buonaparte dead; that this was the signal for a general massacre, which was extending itself through the whole of the French army, when the last accounts were despatched to Constantinople, and that Alexandria had been taken from the French."

NEWPORT, March 5.

The General Assembly of this State convened at East-Greenwich, on Monday the 18th Inst.

In the Course of the Session, the Virginia and Kentucky Resolutions against the Alien and Sedition Bills came under Discussion, and sundry Resolves were passed, expressing the most unequivocal Disapprobation of the Conduct of these States, and declaring, in express Terms, that the General Assembly believe the Alien and Sedition Bills *to be constitutional, and to have been conducive to the public Welfare*; they further declare, that the Resolutions of those States are unwarrantable, and that they view with the deepest Concern and Regret, the Disposition and Intentions which the Avowal of such Principles manifests.—These Resolutions passed the General Assembly with great Unanimity, there being only one dissenting Voice in the House, and none in the Senate. This State is now the Ninth State, which has entered into similar Resolutions.

A Resolution passed, requesting the Senators and Representatives of this State in Congress, to endeavour to procure an Alteration in the Mode, of assessing the direct Tax.

Two several Charters of Incorporation, were also granted, to the "Newport" and "Providence Insurance Companies."

The General Assembly adjourned on Saturday.

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Capt. Prindle, of the Sloop Genet, arrived here in 21 Days from St. Christophers, brings the following Account, which may be depended on—Capt. Truxton, in the Constellation, has taken the French Frigate Insurgent, of 44 Guns, after an Engagement of 55 Minutes. The Insurgent lost 50 Men, Constellation 3 only killed.—The Insurgent had her Main-Top-Mast and Fore-Top-Mast shot away during the Action.—The Action was off St. Christophers, in Sight of the Island, the Inhabitants of which and this Informant were Spectators of the Engagement.—The Insurgant was towed into St. Christophers by the Constellation.

The House of Representatives of the United States have come to a Resolution, that it is inexpedient to repeal the Alien and Sedition Bills—52 to 47.

STAMP-ACT.—The Sale of Stamps, the last Six Months, in 1798, amounted to 93,611 Dollars, 82 Cents.

The Corporation of Philadelphia are taking extensive Measures for furnishing that City with Water. A Million of Bricks, and 100,000 Feet of bored Logs are advertised for.

This Day arrived in Town from Philadelphia, the Hon. JOHN RUTLEDGE, Esq; Member of Congress for the State of South-Carolina.

We are happy in being able to lay before our Readers, this Day, a variety of important and agreeable original Intelligence.—Whatever Diversity of Opinions may exist respecting the Consequences of foreign Victories and Defeats, we cannot doubt, that every true American will rejoice at the glorious naval Victory recorded in this Day's Paper.

By the Arrival of a Packet, this Day, from New-York, we have received the following in a Hand-Bill, viz.

NEW-YORK,

Office of the Mercantile Advertiser, March 3, 1799. Sunday Morning.

The Editor is indebted to a Gentleman of this city, who politely handed him the Charleston State Gazette of the 22d ult. received by a vessel arrived this morning from Charleston. Its contents are of a nature so interesting to our country, that we cannot delay a moment in laying them before our patrons and the public. We have, therefore, issued an extra-sheet; and, we hope, the magnitude of the subject will serve as an apology for this breach of the fourth commandment.

Americans! unite, rally round your government—look on Frenchmen with the eye of suspicion, and prepare to meet them as enemies, with a sword: And

Beware of French Emissaries!

This was the caution of the patriotic Major General Pinckney, to Americans, while he was their Envoy to, and was in France.

Proofs of the necessity of this caution have succeeded each other almost every day, for the two or three last years; but they are now so plain and positive, that they must convict the minds of all, but such as deserve transportation to France or the gallows.

READ THIS.

His Excellency, Governor Rutledge and the Collector of this port, about five weeks ago received a letter from Col. Pickering, Secretary of State of the United States, to the following effect:

That government had obtained intelligence that four persons were to embark from Hamburgh for this port, as agents of the French Directory, with despatches of a hostile nature to the peace and welfare of the United States.

The Secretary of State then gave the names of the persons and their description; also of the vessel, and the passports which it was expected they would have; and informed farther, that the despatches and papers of consequence, would be secreted in two false bottomed tubs, and requested that the necessary steps should be taken to secure the suspected persons and their papers, as soon as they arrived here.

Capt. Thompson, the boarding officer of the port, was accordingly instructed to notice particularly, and report without delay, all passengers from Europe.

Yesterday he had the happiness and good fortune to board the brig Minerva, Capt. Cramp, in 119 days from Hamburgh, and reported her arrival, and that there were four or five passengers on board. This brig was the expected vessel, and the Collector, Major Simons, attended by Mr. William Crafts, agent of the United States for the naval and war departments, went immediately on board, with proper assistance, to examine and secure the suspected persons and their papers.

As soon as they got on board, they inquired for persons by names they had received, and were answered affirmatively; these were directly searched and given into custody, and the search continued for the tubs, which were fortunately discovered in the cabin; the tubs were broken open, and the papers taken out; the horrors of guilt were depicted strongly on the countenances of the guilty wretches, and their bodies shook with fear and trembling.—There was a design to have thrown them overboard from the cabin window, but it was prevented by the expedition of the gentlemen who undertook the business.—Three of the fellows are mulattoes, and one of them a white person; a woman was also taken up, who was evidently concerned in the conspiracy, and endeavoured to take care of the tubs under her arm.

The four men and their female accomplice, are now confined at Fort Pinckney, their trunks and baggage are taken to the custom-house, and the important *Tale of the Tubs* are under the examination of Major General Pinckney, to whom they were immediately delivered. The developement will come out in season.

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

District of Newport, March 4.

ENTERED,	*From*
Ship Hope, Smith,	Havanna
Brig Orion, Richmond,	Ditto
Little Sally, Hudson,	Ditto
Sloop Young Greyhound, Cottrell,	N. York
Snow Mary, Tayer,	Havanna
Sloop General Greene, Baker,	Ditto
CLEARED,	*For*
Ship Agenoria, Chace,	Trinidad
Sloop Hope, Eddy,	Baltimore
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TO BE SOLD, OR LET,

And Possession given immediately,

A HOUSE in Coddington-street. Inquire of

NATHANIEL WALDRON.

Newport, March 4, 1799.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 22d of March, Instant, at the Dwelling-House of DANIEL STANTON, near the South-Ferry, South-Kingstown, if fair fair Weather, if not, the next fair Day,

SIXTEEN COWS and three Years old Heifers; One Pair of large Oxen; Four Three Years old Steers, and a Number of running Stock; also several Horses, of different Ages; a good Cider-Mill and Press; and many other valuable Articles, for which there will be a reasonable Credit given.

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A LOT of LAND, of near 30 Acres, in Portsmouth, on the West Road to Bristol Ferry, opposite Job Almy's, formerly his Land——Inquire of the Printer.

Newport, March 4, 1799.

SUCH Persons as are interested in the Property left by CHARLES WICKERON, late of Newport, Cabinet-maker, deceased, by applying to the Subscribers, may be informed where some such Property is to be found, and upon what Terms it may be obtained.

CLARKE RODMAN,
SAMUEL THURSTON.

Newport, 4th of 3d Month, 1799.

WE the Subscribers being by the Hon. Town-Council, of Newport, appointed Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of LEWIS BULTON, late of Newport, Ropemaker, deceased, represented insolvent; and Six Months, from the Date hereof, being allowed for the Creditors to bring in their Claims: Notice is hereby given, that we will attend at our respective Dwellings, in said Newport, for the Purpose aforesaid, at all convenient Times.

SAMUEL BARKER,
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All Persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make Payment to

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Sloop Young Greyhound, Cottrell,	N. York
Snow Mary, Tayer,	Havanna
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A FAVORITE SONG.

Said to be written by Gen. Burgoyne.

FOR tenderneſs form'd in life's earlieſt day,
A parent's ſoft ſorrow to mine led the way;
The leſſon of pity I caught from her eye,
And ere words I could con, I ſpoke with a ſigh.

The nightingale plunder'd, the mate widow'd dove,
The warbling complaint of the ſuffering grove,
The object ſtill changing, the ſympathy true,
To youth as it ripen'd, gave ſentiments new.

Soft embers of paſſion ſtill reſt in the glow,
A warmth of more pain, may this breaſt never know;
Or if too indulgent the bleſſings I claim,
Let a ſpark drop from reaſon, that wakens the flame.

SALISBURY, *(N. C.)* Jan. 21.

The following account of a moſt daring murder and robbery, committed in Iredell county, has been juſt received from a gentleman who lives in the neighbourhood:—On Thurſday night, the 3d inſt. about an hour after dark, ſome perſon knocked at the door of William Ireland, an old man of 70 years or upwards, having no family but his wife and a few ſlaves. The old gentleman had laid down, and was coming out of his room towards the fire place as his wife opened the door, two men haſtily ſtepped in, and ſhot the old gentleman dead, on the ſpot. The report of the piſtol, and the ſcreams of the old lady alarmed the black people, when a negro man coming into the houſe, endeavoured to raiſe his dying maſter, one of the men damned the negroes to keep cloſe in the kitchen, and ſhot the negro fellow acroſs the back. The negro man ran to a ſtable, and mounting a horſe came by the door, when he paſſed, one of the villains again ſhot at him with the old gentleman's rifle. They then proceeded to ſearch the houſe for money, one took his ſtand at the door, while the other broke open a large cheſt, and got, as it is ſuppoſed, eight or ten dollars, which with a few linen ſhirts and the rifle gun was the whole booty. They had taken a ſmall trunk, containing fifty dollars or more, with many valuable papers out of the cheſt, but fortunately forgot to open it. The negro man rode a mile without perceiving his wound, to a houſe he gave the alarm, and where he ſtill is, badly if not mortally ill of his wound.

A few men got to the houſe, ſhortly after the robbers left it—every exertion is making, to take the perpetrators of ſo horrid a crime; and as they are purſued by fifteen or twenty men, we are daily and anxiouſly expecting to hear of their being taken.

Mr. Ireland, the perſon murdered, was one of the firſt ſettlers in the upper end of Iredell county, and by his induſtry and economy, having no children, was ſuppoſed to poſſeſs a large ſum of money, which was luckily ſent.

On the evening of the 7th inſt. two men, one of the name of Lewis Collins, the other Wm. Owen, were apprehended and confined in the jail of this town, under ſuſpicion of being the perpetrators of the above murder.

WE the Subſcribers being by the Hon. Town-Council of Exeter, appointed Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims to the Creditors to the Eſtate of Dr. SIMON SPRAGUE, late of Exeter, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent, and being allowed until the 3d Day of September, 1799, for the Creditors to bring in their Claims, as alſo to make Diſtribution of the Deceaſed's Eſtate to the Creditors—We, therefore, have appointed to attend for the aboveſaid Purpoſe, at the Houſe of Matthew Clark, in Exeter, on the ſecond Monday in April, and the ſecond Monday in May next.

PARDON TILLINGHAST,
MATTHEW CLARK.

Thoſe Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate are requeſted to make timely Payment, ſo that Diſtribution to the Creditors may be duly made.

ABIGAIL SPRAGUE, *Adminiſtratrix.*

Exeter, February 11, 1799.

WE the Subſcribers being appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate, for the Town of Portſmouth, Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate of JOSEPH TALLMAN, late of Portſmouth, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent, notify ſaid Creditors to exhibit their Demands to either of us, at our reſpective Dwellings, within Six Months after this Date, it being the Time allowed by ſaid Court of Probate for that Purpoſe.

WILLIAH ANTHONY,
HENRY LAWTON.

Portſmouth, Feb. 11, 1799.

NEW GOODS.

JOHN BOURS, jun.

Reſpectfully informs his FRIENDS, *and the* PUBLIC *in general,*
That he has juſt received, at his STORE, *oppoſite General* MARTIN'S,

A Beautiful Aſſortment of the moſt faſhionable DRY GOODS, which he is determined to ſell very low.

J. B. jun. returns his Thanks to his Cuſtomers, and requeſts a Continuance of their Favours.

Newport, Feb. 12, 1799.

BENJAMIN HADWEN,
Has juſt Received, and for Sale,
A FRESH SUPPLY OF
FALL and WINTER GOODS,
At his Shop, the Corner of the Old Church-Lane, Thames-ſtreet.

Newport, 26th, 11th Month, 1798.

For Sale, by
BENJAMIN HILL,
On Capt. Caleb Gardner's Wharf,

Freſh Superfine and Common FLOUR.

Likewiſe good Freſh Pilot and Common SHIP BREAD, as cheap as any imported of equal Quality.

Newport, March 5, 1799.

JOHN BAKER

Reſpectfully informs the Public, that he continues his Buſineſs as uſual, and has for Sale, at his Store, formerly occupied by Mr. *Stephen Pierce*, at the Head of *Banister's* Wharf,

BRANDY by the Pipe, Quarter-Caſk, and Gallon, 1ſt, 2d, and 4th Proof; Weſt-India Rum, by the Barrel or Gallon; New-England Rum by the Barrel or Gallon; Geneva by the Barrel or Gallon; Brown Sugar by the Barrel; White Spaniſh Flote Ditto; Loaf Sugar by the Hundred or Loaf; Flour by the Barrel, fine and ſuperfine; Souchong Tea, by the Dozen or lb; A general Aſſortment of Glaſs Ware; Liverpool Crockery Ware, conſiſting of beſt printed, enamel'd, penciled, and common Ditto; An elegant Aſſortment Morocco Shoes; Coarſe and fine Salt.

Alſo, a Variety of other Articles, in the Grocery Line, which he will diſpoſe of at a reduced Price for Caſh.

He wants a Quantity of good merchantable FLAX-SEED, for which Caſh will be given on Delivery.

Newport, Feb. 12, 1799.

To be Sold, by
SHEFFIELD ATTWOOD,

JAMAICA SPIRITS, by the Hogſhead or Barrel; Weſt-India and New-England RUM, by the Hogſhead or Barrel; BRANDY and GENEVA, by the Pipe or Barrel; MOLASSES, of an excellent Quality, ſuitable for Retailing, by the Hogſhead or Barrel; Hyſon and Bohea TEA, by the Dozen, or Pound; FLOUR, BEEF, and RICE, by the Barrel, or Tierce; Meſs Pork by the Barrel; Pork 1½ Hog to the Barrel; Pork, 1 Hog to the Barrel; He can ſupply any Perſon, who may want to Purchaſe a large or ſmall Quantity of Pork of the above Deſcription; and alſo with a Quantity of Beef.

ON COMMISSION.

Sundry Dwelling Houſes, ſituate in different Parts of the Town, Cheap for Caſh.

Alſo a Valuable Tract of Land, containing 282 Acres, on the Eaſt Part of Naſhawinna Iſland, in the Vineyard Sound. Said Land is excellent for Grazing or Grain, has plenty of Meadow on it, is well watered, has fine fiſhing and fowling near it, and is a very ſuitable Place for a public Houſe, as it joins on Quickſet's Hole, where Veſſels frequently anchor in paſſing thro' the Sound.

He carries on the Baking Buſineſs in all its various Branches, and has on Hand, a Quantity of Ship and Cabin Bread, cheaper than any imported of equal Quality.—He gives the higheſt Price for Old Gold and Silver.

Newport, Feb. 18, 1799.

WINTER GOODS.

STEPHEN T. NORTHAM

Informs his Friends, That he has Received and juſt Opened, at his Store, oppoſite Mr. THOMAS GREEN'S,

A Large Aſſortment of GOODS:—Alſo, a freſh Supply of Engliſh Morocco SHOES.

RICE by the Caſk, or larger Quantity for Sale.

Newport, Feb. 18, 1799.

SIMEON MARTIN

Has for Sale, for Caſh, or on a reaſonable Credit, with approved Notes, payable at the Bank of Rhode-Iſland,

GOOD retailing Surinam and Havanna Molaſſes, by the Hogſhead, Tierce or Barrel; old 3d Proof Windward-Iſland Rum; New-England Rum by the Hogſhead or Barrel; brown and white Sugar, by the Barrel and Box; Coffee, by the Barrel; and St. Martin's Rock Salt, by the Hundred Buſhels or leſs Quantity.

Newport, October 8, 1798.

BENJAMIN CHURCH & CO.

Have juſt received, and for Sale,

A FRESH Supply of excellent French and Spaniſh Brandy, 2d and 3d Proof; real Amſterdam Geneva; Jamaica Spirits; St. Croix and Antigua Rum and a few Puncheons of old Bengal Spirits, of a ſuperior Quality.

All of which will be diſpoſed of, on very low Terms, either by the Hogſhead or Barrel, or leſs Quantity, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſer.

Alſo Molaſſes, by the Hogſhead or Barrel; Brown Sugar by the Hogſhead or Barrel; Bohea Tea, by the Cheſt or Dozen; Souchong Tea, by the Dozen or Pound; and a Variety of other Articles in the Grocery Line.

Newport, Feb. 18, 1799.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN

HAS juſt received by the laſt Ships a Freſh Supply, and beautiful Aſſortment, of EUROPEAN GOODS, ſuitable for the preſent Seaſon, which he has for Sale, at a very reaſonable Advance, at his Shop in Thames-ſtreet, a few Doors below the Ferry Wharf.

Alſo for Sale, good coarſe ROCK SALT, by the Buſhel.

He gives the higheſt Price for FLAX-SEED that is clean.

All Favours will be gratefully acknowledged.

Newport, Dec. 4, 1798.

THOMAS GREEN,

At the BUCK, near the Red-Market,
Having juſt Imported, a FRESH SUPPLY
of ENGLISH and INDIA
GOODS,
Has now on Hand, a very extenſive Aſſortment, which he is ſelling at the uſual Low Prices.——And,

N. B. While he feels very grateful to his good Cuſtomers, for paſt Favours, and begs a Continuance of the ſame, earneſtly entreats thoſe who are delinquent, in Town and Country, to diſcharge their reſpective Obligations.

☞ Home-made CLOTHS taken in Pay, as heretofore.

Newport, Feb. 12, 1798.

STEPHEN PIERCE
HAS FOR SALE,

BUNTING and ready-made Colours; an Aſſortment of neat Gun-Locks and Braſs Furniture; Powder and Shot; a few Bags of Annifeed; a Quantity of excellent Muſtard, in Bottles; a ſmall Aſſortment of Glaſs Ware, of ſuperior Quality; an Aſſortment of Crockery Ware; and a Quantity of excellent Spaniſh Segars.

Newport, Jan. 21, 1799.

ROBERT LAWTON

Informs his Friends, Old Cuſtomers, and the Public at large, that he has juſt received, and has for Sale, as cheap as at any Store in Newport,

A FRESH Supply of ENGLISH GOODS, ſuitable for the Seaſon, conſiſting of Superfine and Second Broadcloths and Caſſimeres; a great Variety of Fancy Veſting; Coatings; Baizes; Flannels; Elaſticks and Plains; Calicoes and Chintzes; Sattins; Modes; Luteſtrings; Tiffanies; Ladies Satin, Beaver, and common Hats; and a great Variety of other Articles.

Newport, Feb. 18, 1799.

A SCHOOL-HOUSE

To be built in the Town of Newport, early the enſuing Summer, of the following Deſcription and Dimenſions, viz.

FORTY Feet long and 25 wide, 8 Feet of which to be taken off the Eaſt End for a Belfry, framed in the Body of the Building, with a Tower to riſe from the Belfry 8 Feet above a ſingle Pitch Roof, and to have a light airy Cupola, or Dome, upon the Top—the Poſts to be 13 Feet long—the Ceiling arched—the Sides, Ends and Roof, to be covered with Boards, or Plank, and ſhingled—the inſide ceiled with Boards from the Floor to the Stools of the Windows, and the inſide of the Belfry ceiled entirely with Boards—the Poſts and Windows caſed—a double Floor laid—4 battened Doors—3 Windows on each Side, 2 at the Eaſt, and 2 at Weſt End, all arched above, with Saſhes for 24 Lights 7 by 9 Glaſs, excluſive of the Arch, which is to be fixed and the Saſhes raiſed up and let down—a Cellar Door and Window-Frame.

Any Perſon who may incline to do the above Work, for which the Caſh will be paid, as ſoon as the Building is compleated, is requeſted to give his loweſt Terms in writing, ſealed up, within Four Weeks from the Date hereof, to either of the Subſcribers.

GEORGE GIBBS,
HENRY SHERBURNE,
JOHN BOURS,
WM. R. ROBINSON,
} *Committee.*

Newport, Feb. 18, 1799.

PURSUANT to the laſt Will and Teſtament of JOSEPH ANTHONY, Eſq; deceaſed, and by Virtue of a Letter of Attorney from the Executors to ſaid Will, the following real Eſtate of the ſaid Joſeph Anthony, deceaſed will be ſold, viz.

A Lot of Land containing about Five and an Half Acres Meadow, adjacent to the Rope-Walk of Francis Brinley, Eſq;—This Lot, if not ſold at private Sale before the 23d March next, will then be ſold at Auction. For Terms apply to

GIBBS & CHANNING.

Newport, Feb. 4, 1799.

TO BE SOLD,

THE FERRY on Eaſton's Point (commonly called the Point-Ferry) and the Ferry anſwering to it on Conanicut; together with the two Boats, the Wharves, Stores, Buildings, and Land belonging to them. At the Point-Ferry, there are two Wharves, with a Range of Stores on each of them, and a Ferry-Houſe, with a Garden belonging to it:—Alſo, a large Houſe-Lot, adjoining the Wanton-Eſtate, having a Front of 99 Feet, and being about 115 Feet in Depth.——On the Conanicut Side, beſides the Wharf, there is a large convenient Ferry-Houſe, lately built, and in perfect Repair, with Five Acres of good Land belonging to it. The above Property will be ſold upon reaſonable Terms, by

CHRISTOPHER G. CHAMPLIN.

Newport, Feb 12, 1799.

THE Subſcriber hereby informs his Cuſtomers and Friends in general, that he has completed his Mill, on the Road leading to Eaſton's Beach, with Three Pair of Stones.——All Grain brought to this Mill, after this Date, will be ground for Two Quarts per Buſhel, and the ſtricteſt Attention paid to the Buſineſs, by the Public's humble Servant,

WILLIAM NAYLOR.

Newport, Feb. 19, 1799.

TO BE SOLD,

A Dwelling-Houſe and about 16 Acres of good Meadow Land, lying in Newport, at the Head of Broad-ſtreet. For Particulars inquire of BENJAMIN GOULD, on the Premiſes.

Newport, Jan. 28, 1799.

A FAVORITE SONG.

Said to be written by Gen. BURGOYNE.

FOR tenderneſs form'd in life's earlieſt day,
A parent's ſoft ſorrow to mine led the way;
The leſſon of pity I caught from her eye,
And ere words I could con, I ſpoke with a ſigh.

The nightingale plunder'd, the mate widow'd dove,
The warbling complaint of the ſuffering grove,
The object ſtill changing, the ſympathy true,
To youth as it ripen'd, gave ſentiments new.

Soft embers of paſſion ſtill reſt in the glow,
A warmth of more pain, may this breaſt never know;
Or if too indulgent the bleſſings I claim,
Let a ſpark drop from reaſon, that wakens the flame.

SALISBURY, *(N. C.)* Jan. 22.

The following account of a moſt daring murder and robbery, committed in Iredell county, has been juſt received from a gentleman who lives in the neighbourhood:—On Thurſday night, the 3d inſt. about an hour after dark, ſome perſon knocked at the door of William Ireland, an old man of 70 years or upwards, having no family but his wife and a few ſlaves. The old gentleman had laid down, and was coming out of his room towards the fire place as his wife opened the door, two men haſtily ſtepped in, and ſhot the old gentleman dead, on the ſpot. The report of the piſtol, and the ſcreams of the old lady alarmed the black people, when a negro man coming into the houſe, endeavoured to raiſe his dying maſter, one of the men damned the negroes to keep cloſe in the kitchen, and ſhot the negro fellow acroſs the back. The negro man ran to a ſtable, and mounting a horſe came by the door, when he paſſed, one of the villains again ſhot at him with the old gentleman's rifle. They then proceeded to ſearch the houſe for money, one took his ſtand at the door, while the other broke open a large cheſt, and got, as it is ſuppoſed, eight or ten dollars, which with a few linen ſhirts and the rifle gun was the whole booty. They had taken a ſmall trunk, containing fifty dollars or more, with many valuable papers out of the cheſt, but fortunately forgot to open it. The negro man rode a mile without perceiving his wound, to a houſe he gave the alarm, and where he ſtill is, badly if not mortally ill of his wound.

A few men got to the houſe, ſhortly after the robbers left it—every exertion is making, to take the perpetrators of ſo horrid a crime; and as they are purſued by fifteen or twenty men, we are daily and anxiouſly expecting to hear of their being taken.

Mr. Ireland, the perſon murdered, was one of the firſt ſettlers in the upper end of Iredell county, and by his induſtry and economy, having no children, was ſuppoſed to poſſeſs a large ſum of money, which was luckily ſent.

On the evening of the 7th inſt. two men, one of the name of Lewis Collins, the other Wm. Owen, were apprehended and confined in the jail of this town, under ſuſpicion of being the perpetrators of the above murder.

WE the Subſcribers being by the Hon. Town-Council of Exeter, appointed Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims to the Creditors to the Eſtate of Dr. SIMON SPRAGUE, late of Exeter, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent, and being allowed until the 3d Day of September, 1799, for the Creditors to bring in their Claims, as alſo to make Diſtribution of the Deceaſed's Eſtate to the Creditors—We, therefore, have appointed to attend for the aboveſaid Purpoſe, at the Houſe of Matthew Clark, in Exeter, on the ſecond Monday in April, and the ſecond Monday in May next.

PARDON TILLINGHAST,
MATTHEW CLARK.

Thoſe Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate are requeſted to make timely Payment, ſo that Diſtribution to the Creditors may be duly made.

ABIGAIL SPRAGUE, *Adminiſtratrix.*

Exeter, February 11, 1799.

WE the Subſcribers being appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate, for the Town of Portſmouth, Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate of JOSEPH TALLMAN, late of Portſmouth, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent, notify ſaid Creditors to exhibit their Demands to either of us, at our reſpective Dwellings, within Six Months after this Date, it being the Time allowed by ſaid Court of Probate for that Purpoſe.

WILLIAH ANTHONY,
HENRY LAWTON.

Portſmouth, Feb. 11, 1799.

NEW GOODS.

JOHN BOURS, jun.

Reſpectfully informs his FRIENDS, *and the* PUBLIC *in general,*

That he has juſt received, at his STORE, *oppoſite General* MARTIN'S,

A Beautiful Aſſortment of the moſt faſhionable DRY GOODS, which he is determined to ſell very low.

J. B. jun. returns his Thanks to his Cuſtomers, and requeſts a Continuance of their Favours.

Newport, Feb. 12, 1799.

BENJAMIN HADWEN,

Has juſt Received, and for Sale,

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

FALL and WINTER GOODS,

At his Shop, the Corner of the Old Church-Lane, Thames-ſtreet.

Newport, 26th, 11th Month, 1798.

For Sale, by

BENJAMIN HILL,

On Capt. Caleb Gardner's Wharf,

Freſh Superfine and Common FLOUR.

Likewiſe good Freſh Pilot and Common SHIP BREAD, as cheap as any imported of equal Quality.

Newport, March 5, 1799.

JOHN BAKER

Reſpectfully informs the Public, that he continues his Buſineſs as uſual, and has for Sale, at his Store, formerly occupied by Mr. *Stephen Pierce*, at the Head of *Banister's* Wharf,

BRANDY by the Pipe, Quarter-Caſk, and Gallon, 1ſt, 2d, and 4th Proof; Weſt-India Rum, by the Barrel or Gallon; New-England Rum by the Barrel or Gallon; Geneva by the Barrel or Gallon; Brown Sugar by the Barrel; White Spaniſh Flote Ditto; Loaf Sugar by the Hundred or Loaf; Flour by the Barrel, fine and ſuperfine; Souchong Tea, by the Dozen or lb; A general Aſſortment of Glaſs Ware; Liverpool Crockery Ware, conſiſting of beſt printed, enamel'd, pencil'd, and common Ditto; An elegant Aſſortment Morocco Shoes; Coarſe and fine Salt.

Alſo, a Variety of other Articles, in the Grocery Line, which he will diſpoſe of at a reduced Price for Caſh.

He wants a Quantity of good merchantable FLAX-SEED, for which Caſh will be given on Delivery.

Newport, Feb. 12, 1799.

To be Sold, by

SHEFFIELD ATTWOOD,

JAMAICA SPIRITS, by the Hogſhead or Barrel; Weſt-India and New-England RUM, by the Hogſhead or Barrel; BRANDY and GENEVA, by the Pipe or Barrel; MOLASSES, of an excellent Quality, ſuitable for Retailing, by the Hogſhead or Barrel; Hyſon and Bohea TEA, by the Dozen, or Pound; FLOUR, BEEF, and RICE, by the Barrel, or Tierce; Meſs Pork by the Barrel; Pork 1½ Hog to the Barrel; Pork, 1 Hog to the Barrel; He can ſupply any Perſon, who may want to Purchaſe a large or ſmall Quantity of Pork of the above Deſcription; and alſo with a Quantity of Beef.

ON COMMISSION.

Sundry Dwelling Houſes, ſituate in dif. ferent Parts of the Town, Cheap for Caſh.

Alſo a Valuable Tract of Land, containing 282 Acres, on the Eaſt Part of Naſhawinna Iſland, in the Vineyard Sound. Said Land is excellent for Grazing or Grain, has plenty of Meadow on it, is well watered, has fine fiſhing and fowling near it, and is a very ſuitable Place for a public Houſe, as it joins on Quickſet's Hole, where Veſſels frequently anchor in paſſing thro' the Sound.

He carries on the Baking Buſineſs in all its various Branches, and has on Hand, a Quantity of Ship and Cabin Bread, cheaper than any imported of equal Quality.—He gives the higheſt Price for Old Gold and Silver.

Newport, Feb. 18, 1799.

WINTER GOODS.

STEPHEN T. NORTHAM

Informs his Friends, That he has Received and juſt Opened, at his Store, oppoſite Mr. THOMAS GREEN'S,

A Large Aſſortment of GOODS:—Alſo, a freſh Supply of Engliſh Morocco SHOES.

RICE by the Caſk, or larger Quantity for Sale.

Newport, Feb. 18, 1799.

SIMEON MARTIN

Has for Sale, for Caſh, or on a reaſonable Credit, with approved Notes, payable at the Bank of Rhode-Iſland,

GOOD retailing Surinam and Havanna Molaſſes, by the Hogſhead, Tierce or Barrel; old 3d Proof Windward-Iſland Rum; New-England Rum by the Hogſhead or Barrel; brown and white Sugar, by the Barrel and Box; Coffee, by the Barrel; and St. Martin's Rock Salt, by the Hundred Buſhels or leſs Quantity.

Newport, October 8, 1798.

BENJAMIN CHURCH & CO.

Have juſt received, and for Sale,

A FRESH Supply of excellent French and Spaniſh Brandy, 2d and 3d Proof; real Amſterdam Geneva; Jamaica Spirits; St. Croix and Antigua Rum and a few Puncheons of old Bengal Spirits, of a ſuperior Quality.

All of which will be diſpoſed of, on very low Terms, either by the Hogſhead or Barrel, or leſs Quantity, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſer.

Alſo Molaſſes, by the Hogſhead or Barrel; Brown Sugar by the Hogſhead or Barrel; Bohea Tea, by the Cheſt or Dozen Souchong Tea, by the Dozen or Pound; and a Variety of other Articles in the Grocery Line.

Newport, Feb. 18, 1799.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN

HAS juſt received by the laſt Ships a Freſh Supply, and beautiful Aſſortment, of EUROPEAN GOODS, ſuitable for the preſent Seaſon, which he has for Sale, at a very reaſonable Advance, at his Shop in Thames-ſtreet, a few Doors below the Ferry Wharf.

Alſo for Sale, good coarſe ROCK SALT, by the Buſhel.

He gives the higheſt Price for FLAX-SEED that is clean.

All Favours will be gratefully acknowledged.

Newport, Dec, 4, 1798.

THOMAS GREEN,

At the BUCK, near the Red-Market,

Having juſt Imported, a *FRESH SUPPLY* of ENGLISH and INDIA

GOODS,

Has now on Hand, a very extenſive Aſſortment, which he is ſelling at the uſual Low Prices.——And,

N. B. While he feels very grateful to his good Cuſtomers, for paſt Favours, and begs a Continuance of the ſame, earneſtly entreats thoſe who are delinquent, in Town and Country, to diſcharge their reſpective Obligations.

☞ Home-made CLOTHS taken in Pay, as heretofore.

Newport, Feb. 12, 1798.

STEPHEN PIERCE

HAS FOR SALE,

BUNTING and ready-made Colours; an Aſſortment of neat Gun-Locks and Braſs Furniture; Powder and Shot; a few Bags of Anniſeed; a Quantity of excellent Muſtard, in Bottles; a ſmall Aſſortment of Glaſs Ware, of ſuperior Quality; an Aſſortment of Crockery Ware; and a Quantity of excellent Spaniſh Segars.

Newport, Jan. 21, 1799.

ROBERT LAWTON

Informs his Friends, Old Cuſtomers, and the Public at large, that he has juſt received, and has for Sale, as cheap as at any Store in Newport,

A FRESH Supply of ENGLISH GOODS, ſuitable for the Seaſon, conſiſting of Superfine and Second Broadcloaths and Caſſimeres; a great Variety of Fancy Veſting; Coatings; Baizes; Flannels; Elaſticks and Plains; Calicoes and Chintzes; Sattins; Modes; Luteſtrings; Tiffanies; Ladies Satin, Beaver, and common Hats; and a great Variety of other Articles.

Newport, Feb. 18, 1799.

A SCHOOL-HOUSE

To be built in the Town of Newport, early the enſuing Summer, of the following Deſcription and Dimenſions, viz.

FORTY Feet long and 25 wide, 8 Feet of which to be taken off the Eaſt End for a Belfry, framed in the Body of the Building, with a Tower to riſe from the Belfry 8 Feet above a ſingle Pitch Roof, and to have a light airy Cupola, or Dome, upon the Top—the Poſts to be 13 Feet long—the Ceiling arched—the Sides, Ends and Roof, to be covered with Boards, or Plank, and ſhingled—the inſide ceiled with Boards from the Floor to the Stools of the Windows, and the inſide of the Belfry ceiled entirely with Boards—the Poſts and Windows caſed—a double Floor laid—4 battened Doors—3 Windows on each Side, 2 at the Eaſt, and 2 at Weſt End, all arched above, with Saſhes for 24 Lights 7 by 9 Glaſs, excluſive of the Arch, which is to be fixed and the Saſhes raiſed up and let down—a Cellar Door and Window-Frame.

Any Perſon who may incline to do the above Work, for which the Caſh will be paid, as ſoon as the Building is compleated, is requeſted to give his loweſt Terms in writing, ſealed up, within Four Weeks from the Date hereof, to either of the Subſcribers.

GEORGE GIBBS,
HENRY SHERBURNE,
JOHN BOURS,
WM. R. ROBINSON,
} *Committee.*

Newport, Feb. 18, 1799.

PURSUANT to the laſt Will and Teſtment of JOSEPH ANTHONY, Eſq; deceaſed, and by Virtue of a Letter of Attorney from the Executors to ſaid Will, the following real Eſtate of the ſaid Joſeph Anthony, deceaſed, will be ſold, viz.

A Lot of Land containing about Five and an Half Acres Meadow, adjacent to the Rope-Walk of Francis Brinley, Eſq;—This Lot, if not ſold at private Sale before the 23d March next, will then be ſold at Auction. For Terms apply to

GIBBS & CHANNING.

Newport, Feb. 4, 1799.

TO BE SOLD,

THE FERRY on Eaſton's Point (commonly called the Point-Ferry) and the Ferry anſwering to it on Conannicut; together with the two Boats, the Wharves, Stores, Buildings, and Land belonging to them. At the Point-Ferry, there are two Wharves, with a Range of Stores on each of them, and a Ferry-Houſe, with a Garden belonging to it:—Alſo, a large Houſe-Lot, adjoining the Wanton-Eſtate, having a Front of 99 Feet, and being about 115 Feet in Depth.——On the Conannicut Side, beſides the Wharf, there is a large convenient Ferry-Houſe, lately built, and in perfect Repair, with Five Acres of good Land belonging to it. The above Property will be ſold upon reaſonable Terms, by

CHRISTOPHER G. CHAMPLIN.

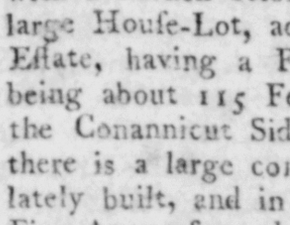
Newport, Feb 12, 1799.

THE Subſcriber hereby informs his Cuſtomers and Friends in general, that he has completed his Mill, on the Road leading to Eaſton's Beach, with Three Pair of Stones.——All Grain brought to this Mill, after this Date, will be ground for Two Quarts per Buſhel, and the ſtricteſt Attention paid to the Buſineſs, by the Public's humble Servant,

WILLIAM NAYLOR.

Newport, Feb. 19, 1799.

TO BE SOLD,



A Dwelling-Houſe and about 16 Acres of good Meadow Land, lying in Newport, at the Head of Broad-ſtreet. For Particulars inquire of BENJAMIN GOULD, on the Premiſes.

Newport, Jan. 28, 1799.